

VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEW INDIA

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Key stakeholders & enabling environment for SDGs

Progress towards achieving a few select goals

Concluding remarks



National Government

- Indian Parliament organized several forums on SDGs.
- NITI Aayog, with the Prime Minister as its chairperson, is leading implementation
 - ✤Goals & targets mapped to central ministries & major schemes.
 - Digital knowledge hub for capturing government best practices.
 - Draft 3-Year Action Agenda released to fast-track national development goals, mirrored in the SDGs.
- Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation has prepared national indicators for monitoring SDGs. 4



Sub-national Governments

- Strategic insights from 2030 agenda matched by sub-national governments with their own priorities.
- State Planning & Development departments operating as focal points for implementation of SDGs.
- Local bodies taking the lead in implementing development initiatives.



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Other Key Stakeholders

- Civil Society Organizations playing critical role independently & through partnership with government.
- Corporate sector actively organizing consultations and initiating action on various SDGs.
- Academia providing critical insights to policy makers.







PROGRESS IN ACHIEVING SELECTED GOALS

NO Poverty

Ending Poverty

Important Achievements

- Fastest growing major economy (7.5% average growth from 2014-15 to 2016-17).
- Sharp decline in poverty across all economic, social & religious groups.
- \$25 billion disbursed by Government to 329 million beneficiaries through Direct Benefit Transfers.
- 63.7% of rural households with improved toilet in 2016-17 versus 29.1% in 2005-06.

Key Initiatives

• PM Jan Dhan Yojana (world's largest financial inclusion programme)





- National Rural Drinking Water Programme
- Swachh Bharat Mission (Clean India) Mission)
- Housing for All by 2022
- PM's Rural Roads Programme





Ending Hunger, Improving Nutrition

Important Achievements

- Substantial reduction in stunted & underweight children between 2005-06 & 2015-16.
- 800 million people have access to affordable food grains.
- The largest producer of milk, pulses & spices globally.
- 62 million Soil Health Cards issued to farmers.

- Doubling Farmers' Income by 2022
- Integrated Child Development Services
- Public Distribution System
- Mid-day Meal Programme







Health and Well-being

Important Achievements

- Significant improvements in health indicators. E.g. Institutional deliveries increased from 38.7% in 2005-06 to 78.9% in 2015-16.
- Composite index being used to incentivise improvements in health services delivery.
- Health insurance cover of INR 100,000 (USD 1,563) extended to poor families. 10

- National Health Mission
- National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme
- National Programme for Prevention of Non-Communicable Diseases











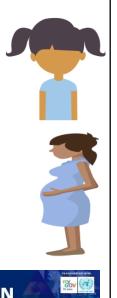
Gender Equality, Women Empowerment

Important Achievements

- Notable improvements in indicators pertaining to status of women.
- Several legislations implemented to curb female feticide & sex-selective abortion.
- Initiative launched for protecting women from wage loss during first 6 months post childbirth.

Key Initiatives

- Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (Save the Girl Child, Educate the Girl Child)
- Maternity Benefit Programme
- Women Transforming
 India
- Stand Up India





INDIA





Infrastructure, Industry and Innovation

Important Achievements

- All forms of transportation being rapidly expanded.
- Over 99% of villages electrified.
- Installed capacity in non-fossilfuel sectors grown by 51.3% & more than doubled in renewable energy sector.

- Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana (Rural Electrification Scheme)
- Make in India
- Atal Innovation Mission







Oceans, Seas and Marine Resources

Important Achievements

- Clear agenda formulated for promoting 'Blue Revolution'.
- Coastal Ocean Monitoring and Prediction System developed.
- Integrated National Fisheries Action Plan, 2016 being implemented.

- Mangroves for the Future
- National Oil Spill Disaster Contingency Plan, 2015
- National Policy on Marine Fisheries, 2017
- Sagarmala (port-led development)









Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

Important Achievements

- Substantial increase in tax revenues to finance social programs.
- FDI flows of \$161 billion during last 3 fiscal years.
- Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) funds to promote social goals.

- Direct-tax reform
- Goods and Services Tax (GST)



- Public-Private Partnerships
- South-South cooperation

Concluding Remarks

- India reaffirms the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities. Developed countries have an essential obligation to provide financial assistance to developing countries & cooperate in areas like curbing illicit financial flows.
- India will continue to pursue the implementation of the SDG agenda through close collaboration among different levels of government & with active participation of all stakeholders.
- A knowledge management system will be coordinated at the national level. A national network of resource institutions, 'Samavesh' has already been launched by NITI Aayog.