

About District Nutrition Profiles:

District Nutrition Profiles (DNPs) are available for 707 districts in India. They present trends for key nutrition and health outcomes and their cross-sectoral determinants in a district. The DNPs are based on data from the National Family Health Survey (NFHS)-4 (2015-2016) and NFHS-5 (2019-2020). They are aimed primarily at district administrators, state functionaries, local leaders, and development actors working at the district-level.

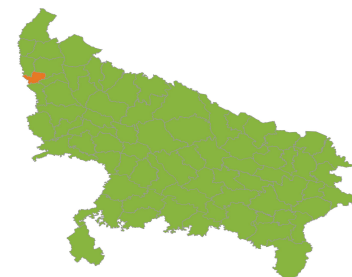
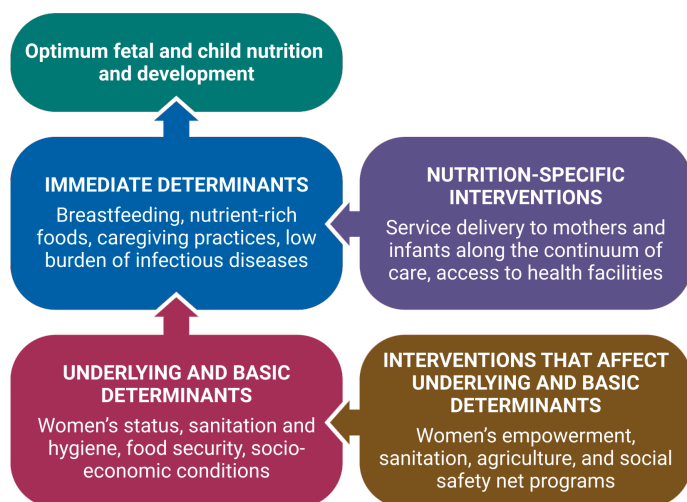


Figure 1: Map highlights district Ghaziabad in the state/UT of Uttar Pradesh



Source: Adapted from Black et al. (2008)

What factors lead to child undernutrition?

Given the focus of India's national nutrition mission on child undernutrition, the DNPs focus on the determinants of child undernutrition (Figure on the left). Multiple determinants of suboptimal child nutrition and development contribute to the outcomes seen at the district-level. Different types of interventions can influence these determinants. Immediate determinants include inadequacies in food, health, and care for infants and young children, especially in the first two years of life. Nutrition-specific interventions such as health service delivery at the right time during pregnancy and early childhood can affect immediate determinants. Underlying and basic determinants include women's status, household food security, hygiene, and socio-economic conditions. Nutrition-sensitive interventions such as social safety nets, sanitation programs, women's empowerment, and agriculture programs can affect underlying and basic determinants.

District demographic profile, 2019

Ghaziabad



930/1,000

Sex ratio (females per 1,000 males) of the total population



1,555,470

Number of women of reproductive age (15–49 yrs)



139,902

Total number of pregnant women registered for ANC



89,555

Number of live births



80,347

Number of institutional births



588,706

Total number of children under 5 yrs

Source:

IFPRI estimates - Headcount = Prevalence x Eligible projected population for each district in 2019. Prevalence estimates: NFHS-4 (2015-16) and NFHS-5 (2019-20) state/district factsheets and report. Projected population for 2019 (children <5yrs and women 15-49yrs) was estimated using Census 2011. Data on number of pregnant women, live births, and institutional deliveries are from HMIS. NA: unavailable/improbable data

Citation: Singh, N., P.H. Nguyen, M. Jangid, S.K. Singh, R. Sarwal, N. Bhatia, R. Johnston, W. Joe, and P. Menon. 2022. District Nutrition Profile: Ghaziabad, Uttar Pradesh. New-Delhi, India: International Food Policy Research Institute.

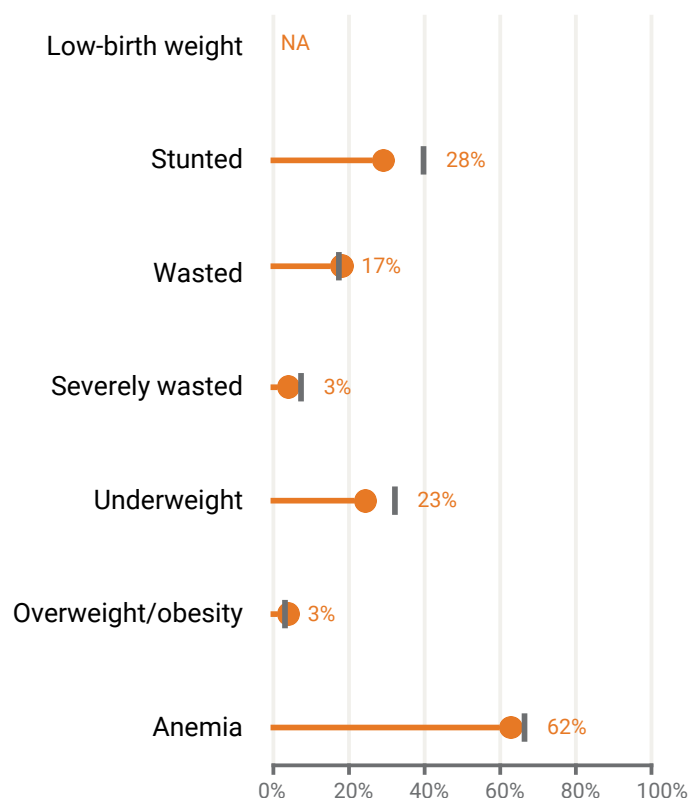
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The state of nutrition outcomes among children (<5 years)

Ghaziabad

Uttar Pradesh

2020



Burden of nutrition outcomes (2020)

Indicators	No. of children (<5 yrs)
Low-birth weight	NA
Stunted	165,721
Wasted	100,669
Severely wasted	17,543
Underweight	137,463
Overweight/obesity	17,661
Anemia	326,716
Total children	588,706

Note: NA refers to data unavailable for a given round of NFHS/Census.

Points of discussion:

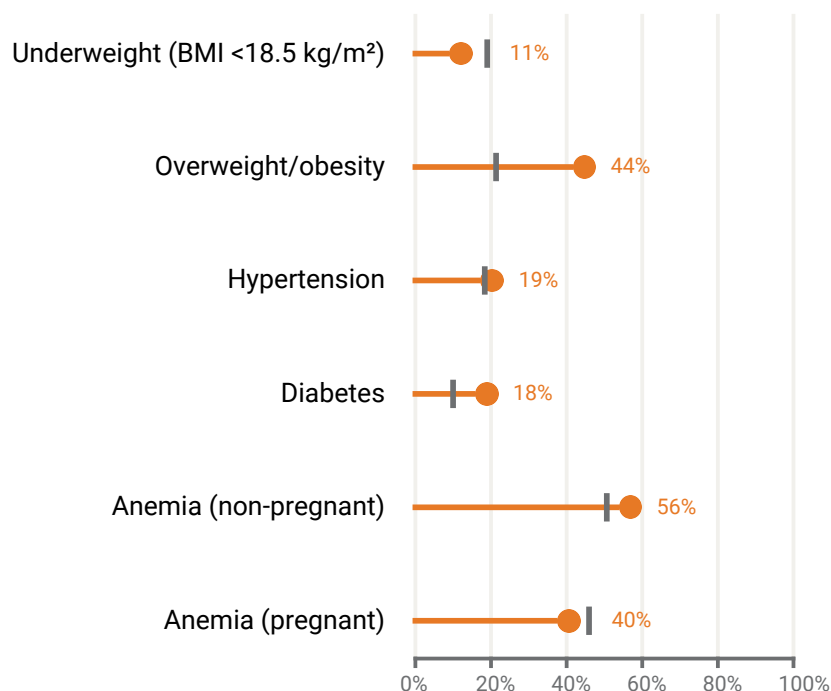
- What are the trends in undernutrition among children under five years of age (stunting, wasting, underweight, and anemia)?
- What are the trends in overweight/obesity among children under five years of age in the district?

The state of nutrition outcomes among women (15-49 years)

Ghaziabad

Uttar Pradesh

2020



Burden of nutrition outcomes (2020)

Indicators	No. of women (15-49 yrs)
Underweight	172,035
Overweight/obesity	680,207
Hypertension	300,828
Diabetes	277,651
Anemia (non-preg)	869,352
Anemia (preg)	55,429
Total women (preg)	139,902
Total women	1,555,470

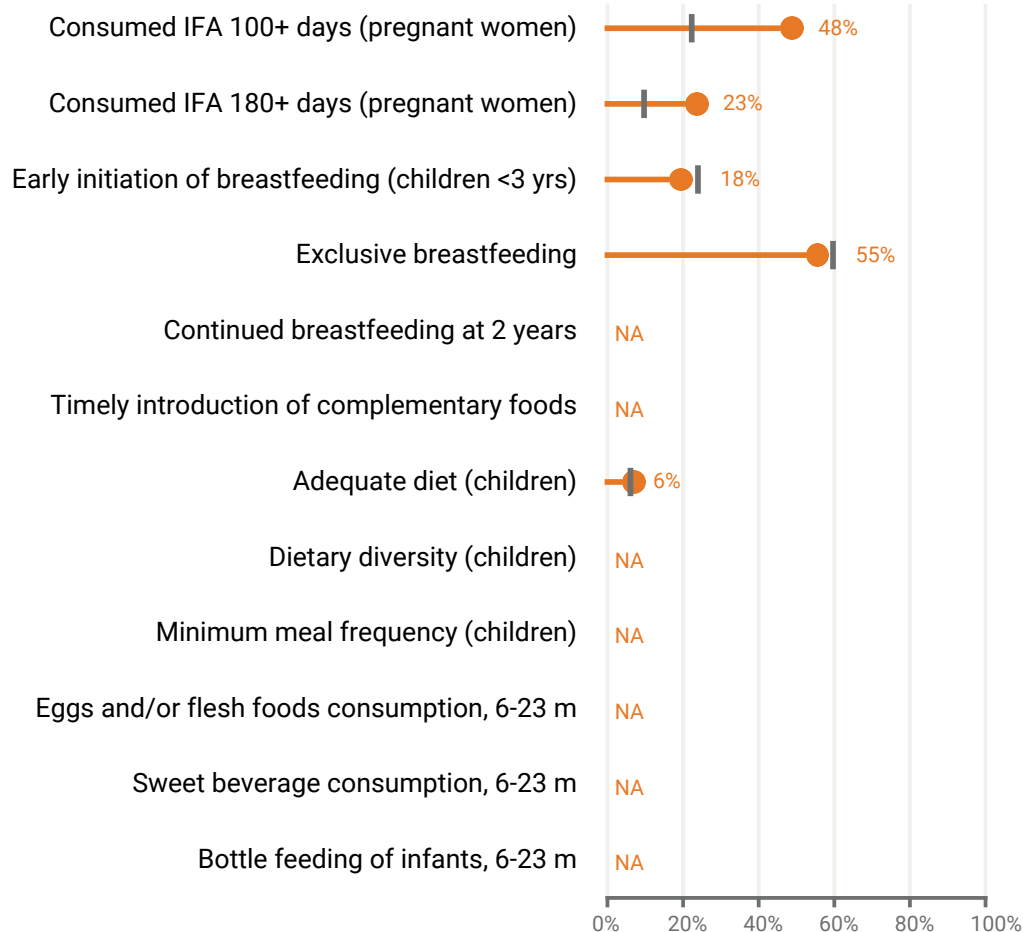
Note: NA refers to data unavailable for a given round of NFHS/Census.

Points of discussion:

- What are the trends in underweight and anemia among women (15-49 yrs) in the district?
- What are the trends in overweight/obesity and other nutrition-related non-communicable diseases in the district?

Immediate determinants

Ghaziabad



Uttar Pradesh

2020

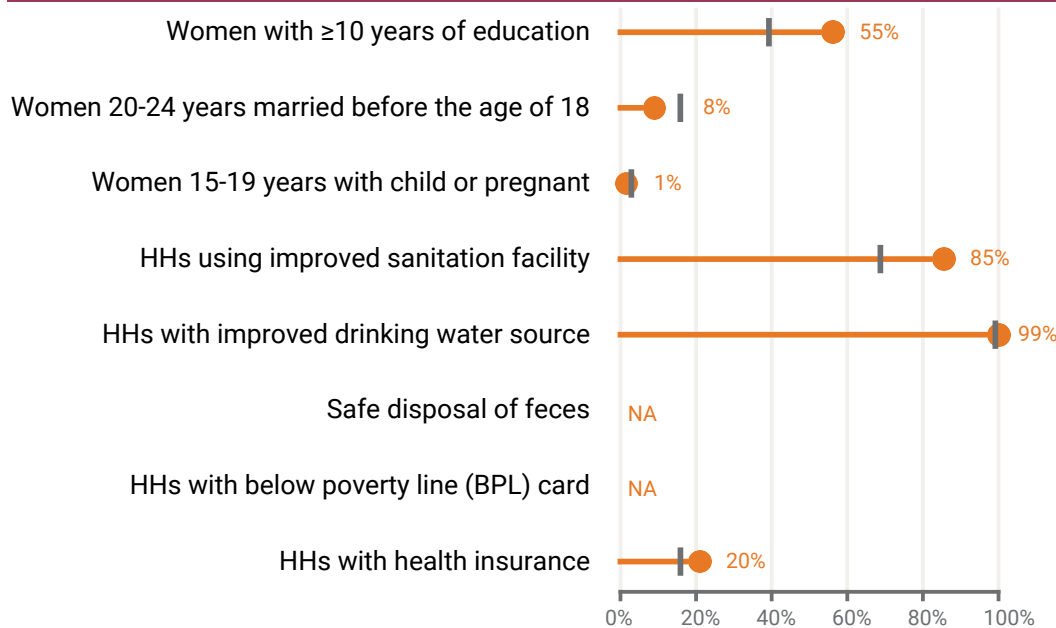
Note: NA refers to data unavailable for a given round of NFHS/Census.

Points of discussion:

- What are the trends in infant and young child feeding (early initiation of breastfeeding, exclusive breastfeeding, timely initiation of complementary feeding, and adequate diet)? What can be done to improve infant and young child feeding?
- What are the trends in IFA consumption among pregnant women in the district? How can the consumption be improved?
- What additional data are needed to understand diets and/or other determinants?

Underlying determinants

Ghaziabad



Uttar Pradesh

2020

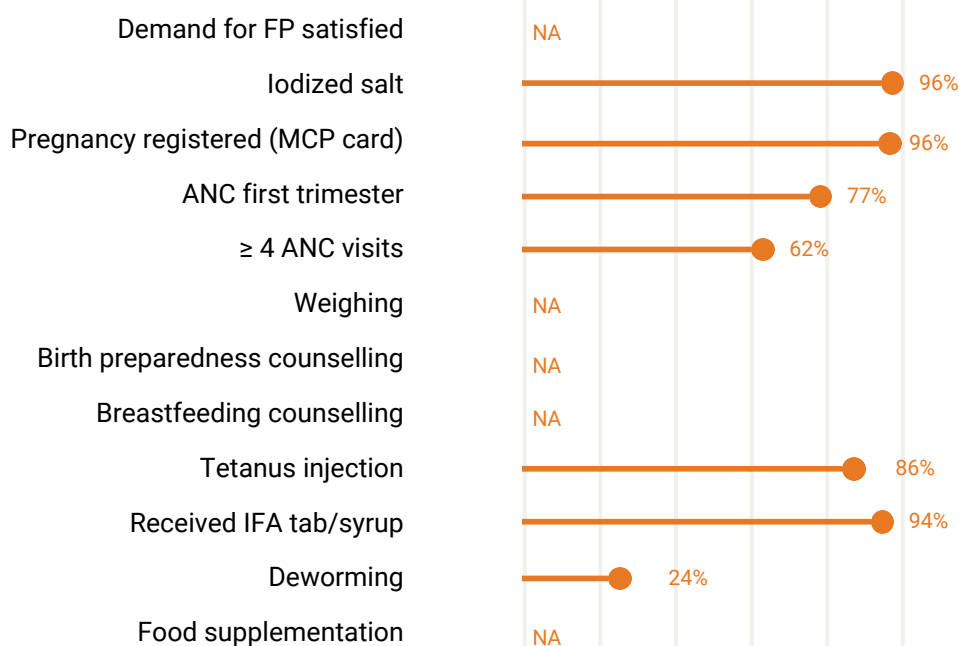
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Points of discussion:

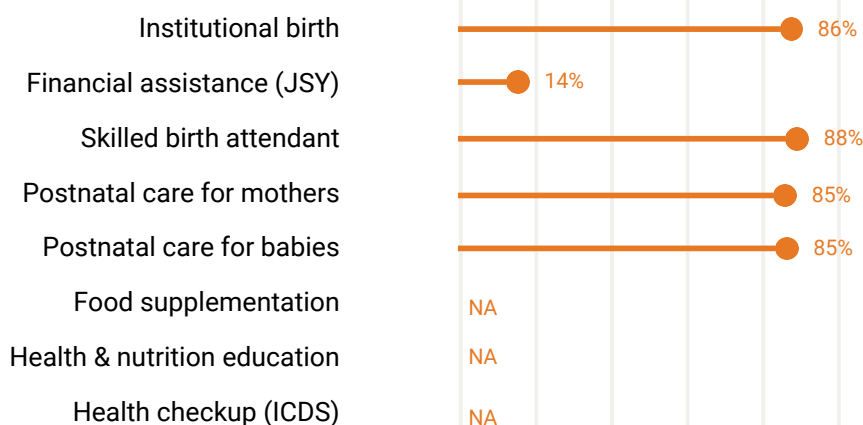
- How can the district increase women's literacy, and reduce early marriage, if needed?
- How does the district perform on providing drinking water and sanitation to its residents? Since sanitation and hygiene play an important role in improving nutrition outcomes, how can all aspects of sanitation be improved?
- How can programs that address underlying and basic determinants (education, poverty, gender) be strengthened?
- What additional data are needed on food systems, poverty or other underlying determinants?

2020

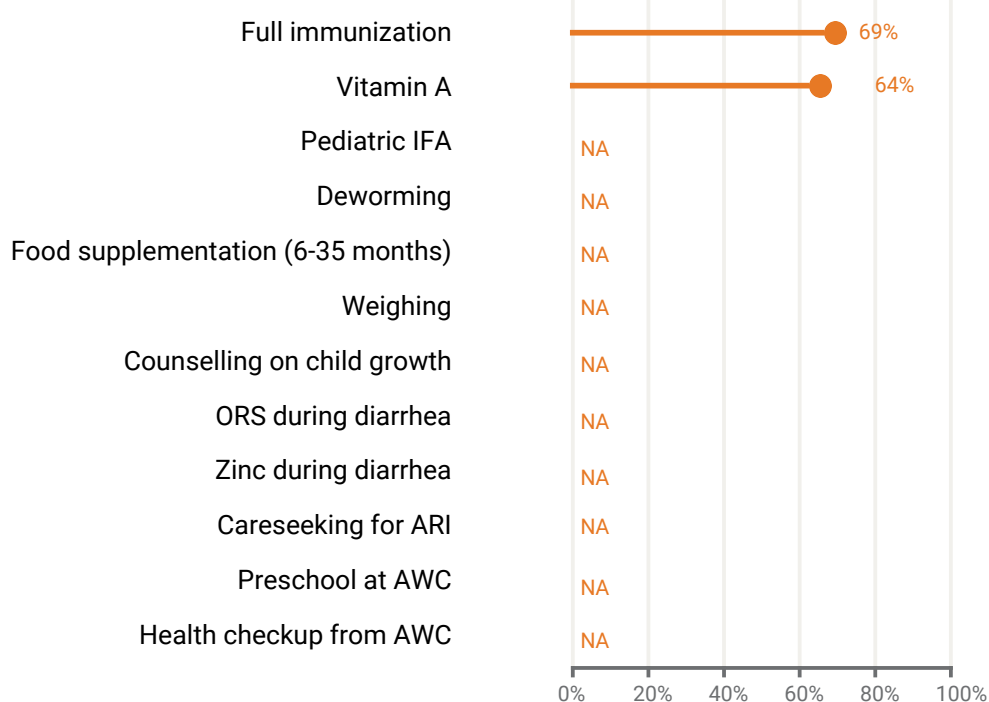
Pre and during pregnancy



Delivery and postnatal



Early childhood



Note: NA refers to data unavailable for a given round of NFHS/Census.

Points of discussion:

- How does the district perform on health and nutrition interventions along the continuum of care? Does it adequately provide both prenatal and postnatal services to women of reproductive age, pregnant women, new mothers and newborns?
- How has access to health and ICDS services changed over time (food supplementation, health and nutrition education and health checkups)?