

Partnerships and Opportunities to Strengthen and Harmonize Actions for Nutrition in India

Data Note

No. 40 | SEPTEMBER 2021

State Nutrition Profile: Assam

ABOUT THIS DATA NOTE

This Data Note describes the trends for a set of key nutrition and health outcomes, determinants, and coverage of interventions. The findings here are based on data from the National Family Health Survey (NFHS) 3 (2005-2006), 4 (2015-2016), and 5 (2019-2020). In addition to standard prevalence-based analyses, this Data Note includes headcount-based analyses aligned to the POSHAN Abhiyaan monitoring framework and uses data from NFHS-5 to provide evidence that helps identify priority districts and number of districts in the state with public health concern as per the WHO guidelines.¹ The Data Note includes a color-coded dashboard to compare the coverage of nutrition interventions across all the districts in the state. It concludes with key takeaways for children, women, and men and identifies areas where the state has potential to improve.

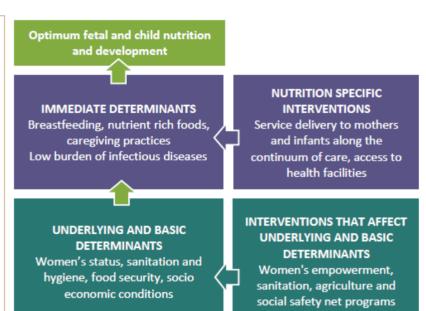
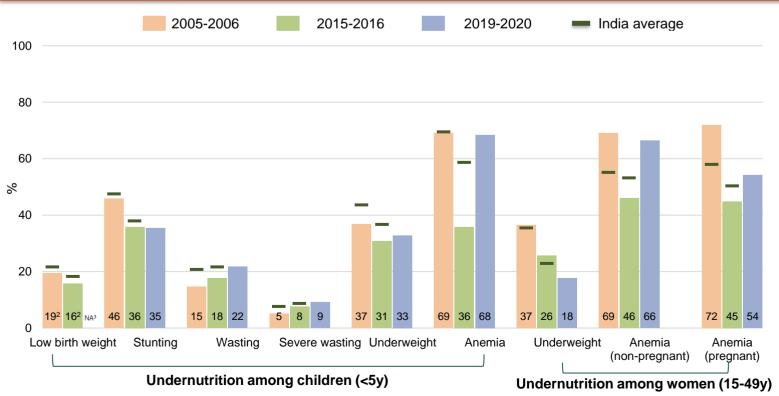


Figure 1. Trends in undernutrition outcomes, 2005-2006, 2015-2016, 2019-2020

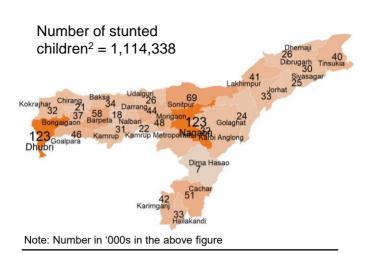


Source: NFHS-3 (2005-2006), NFHS-4 (2015-2016), and NFHS-5 state factsheets (2019-2020). Note: Adult nutrition outcomes are based on the woman dataset, while child nutrition outcomes are based on all child data. ¹WHO. Nutrition Landscape Information System (NLiS). Help Topic: Malnutrition in children. Stunting, wasting, overweight and underweight. (<u>https://apps.who.int/nutrition/landscape/help.aspx?menu=0&helpid=391&lang=EN</u>). ²In NFHS-3, 77% of data was missing, while 25% of data was missing in NFHS-4. ³NA refers to the unavailability of data for a particular indicator in the specified NFHS round.

ASSAM

Map 1 & 2. Number of stunted & anemic children <5y, 2019-2020

Map 1. Stunting

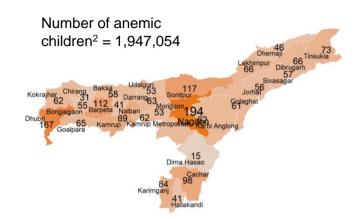


Highest burden districts

1	Dhubri	123,269
2	Nagaon	122,630
3	Sonitpur	68,999
4	Barpeta	58,475
5	Cachar	50,622

No. of districts with public health concern¹: 0 of 27

Map 2. Anemia

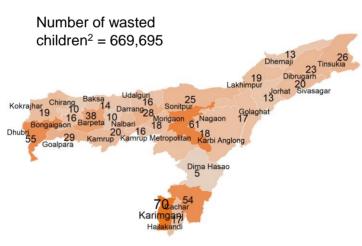


Note: Number in '000s in the above figure

		Highest burden dist	ricts	
	1	Nagaon	194,265	
	2	Dhubri	166,899	
	3	Sonitpur	117,208	
	4	Barpeta	111,930	
_	5	Cachar	97,919	
No. of districts with public health concern ¹ : 0 of 27				

Map 3 & 4. Number of wasted children <5y, 2019-2020

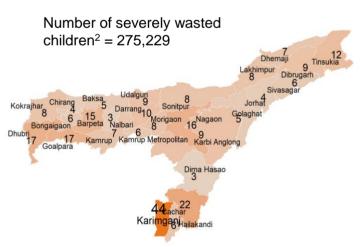
Map 3. Wasting



Note: Number in '000s in the above figure

	Highest bu	urden districts		
1	Karimganj	70,030		
2	Nagaon	61,157		
3	Dhubri	54,645		
4	Cachar	54,149		
5	Barpeta	38,264		
No. of districts with public health concern ¹ : 1 of 27				

Map 4. Severe Wasting



Note: Number in '000s in the above figure

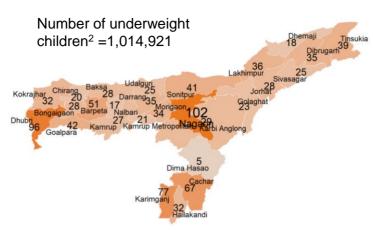
	Highest burden districts	
1	Karimganj	44,498
2	Cachar	22,048
3	Dhubri	17,029
4	Goalpara	16,986
5	Nagaon	16,393

No. of districts with public health concern¹: 25 of 27

Source: IFPRI estimates - The headcount was calculated as the product of the undernutrition prevalence and the total eligible projected population for each district in 2019. Prevalence estimates were obtained from NFHS-5 (2019-2020; all child data) and projected population for 2019 was estimated using Census 2011. ¹Public health concern is defined as $\geq 20\%$ for stunting, $\geq 40\%$ for anemia, $\geq 10\%$ for wasting, and $\geq 2\%$ for severe wasting (WHO 2011). ² The total number of children <5 years is 3,154,956.

Map 5 & 6. Number of underweight children (<5y) & women (15-49y), 2019-2020

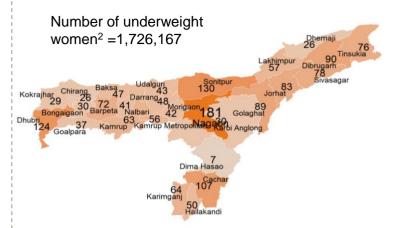
Map 5. Underweight children



Note: Number in '000s in the above figure

	Highest	burden districts		
1	Nagaon	102,139		
2	Dhubri	96,073		
3	Karimganj	77,179		
4	Cachar	67,378		
5	Barpeta	51,411		
No. of districts with public health concern ¹ : 0 of 27				

Map 6. Underweight women



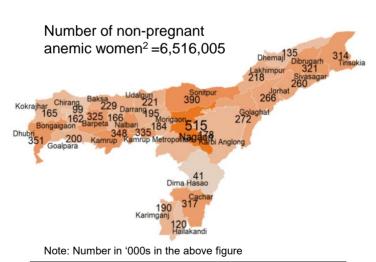
Note: Number in '000s in the above figure

	Highest burden districts	
1	Nagaon	181,499
2	Sonitpur	129,755
3	Dhubri	123,725
4	Cachar	107,412
5	Dibrugarh	90,433

No. of districts with public health concern¹: 1 of 27

Map 7 & 8. Number of anemic women (15-49y), 2019-2020

Map 7. Anemia among non-pregnant women

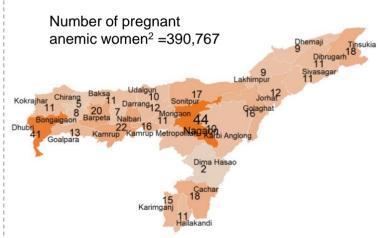


Highest burden districts

1	Nagaon	514,949		
2	Sonitpur	389,872		
3	Dhubri	351,111		
4	Kamrup	347,923		
5	Kamrup Metropolitan	334,529		
No. of districts with mublic boolth concern1. 0 of 07				

No. of districts with public health concern¹: 0 of 27

Map 8. Anemia among pregnant women



Note: Number in '000s in the above figure

	Highest burden	districts
1	Nagaon	44,171
2	Dhubri	40,745
3	Kamrup	21,525
4	Barpeta	20,314
5	Cachar	17,971

No. of districts with public health concern¹: 0 of 27

Source: IFPRI estimates - The headcount was calculated as the product of the undernutrition prevalence and the total eligible projected population for each district in 2019. Prevalence estimates were obtained from NFHS-5 (2019-2020; all child/woman data) and projected population for 2019 was estimated using Census 2011. ¹Public health concern is defined as \geq 20% for underweight (children), \geq 10% for underweight (women), \geq 40% for anemia among non-pregnant women, and \geq 40% for anemia among pregnant women (WHO 2011). ²The total number of children <5 years is 3,154,956, pregnant women 15-49 years is 703,241, and non-pregnant women 15-49 years is 9,063,607.

Figure 2. Trends in overweight/obesity & NCDs¹ 2005-2006, 2015-2016, 2019-2020

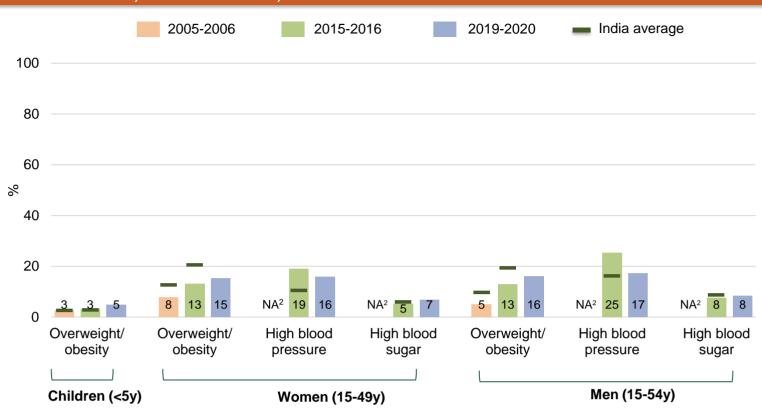


Table 1. Overweight/obesity & NCDs¹ at district level 2015-2016, 2019-2020

Category	Outcomes	Worst performing districts (pp)	Best performing districts (pp)	Highest burden districts (thousands)²	No of districts with public health concern ³ (total=27)
		Difference between (2019-2020) & (2015- 2016)	Difference between (2019-2020) & (2015- 2016)	2019-2020	2019-2020
Children <5 years	Overweight/ obesity	Dima Hasao:+10.5 Baksa:+6.1	Goalghat:-2.1 Karimganj:-1.1	Nagaon: 23 Dhubri: 15	2
	Overweight/ obesity	Kamrup:+8.8 Barpeta:+4.7	Kamrup m ⁶ :-5.0 Karimganj:-3.8	Kamrup:11 Nagaon:11	0
Women (15-49 years)	High blood pressure	Hailakandi:+6.4 Baksa:+1.4	Barpeta:-11.4 Bongaigaon:-11.0	Sonitpur:136 Nagaon:99	0
	High blood sugar	Tinsukia:+4.8 Cachar:+4.4	Lakhimpur:-2.5 Morigaon:-2.3	Nagaon:70 Barpeta:40	0
	Overweight /obesity Data not available at district level				
Men (15-54 years)	High blood pressure	Hailakandi:+7.6	Kokrajhar:-20.3 Bongaigaon:-18.9	Sonitpur:137 Dhubri:105	0
	High blood sugar	Kamrup:+5.0 2 districts ⁷ :+4.8	Golaghat:-7.9 Lakhimpur:-6.9	Nagaon:91 Barpeta:52	0

Source: NFHS-3 (2005-2006), NFHS-4 (2015-2016), and NFHS-5 state and district factsheets (2019-2020). pp: percentage points.

Note: Adult nutrition outcomes are based on the woman/man dataset, while child nutrition outcomes are based on all child data.

¹NCDs : non-communicable diseases. ²NA refers to the unavailability of data for a particular indicator in the specified NFHS round. ³Burden: The headcount was calculated as the product of the undernutrition prevalence and the total eligible projected population for each district in 2019. Prevalence estimates were obtained from NFHS-5 (2019-2020) and projected population for 2019 was estimated using Census 2011. ⁴Public health concern is defined as prevalence ≥15% for overweight/obesity (children), ≥20% for overweight/obesity (women and men), ≥ 20% high blood pressure (women and men), and ≥20% high sugar (women and men) (WHO 2011). ⁵The difference is calculated only between districts that are comparable between 2015-2016 and 2019-2020. ⁶Kamrup m: Kamrup metropolitan. ⁷Cachar, Hailakandi.

Figure 3. Trends in immediate determinants (%) 2005-2006, 2015-2016, 2019-2020

Category	Immediate determinants	2005-2006	2015-2016	2019-2020
	Early initiation of breastfeeding	52	69	49
	Exclusive breastfeeding	63	63	64
	Timely introduction of complementary foods ^o	20	51	52
IVCE practices	Continued breastfeeding at 2 years	100	93	3
IYCF practices	Adequate diet ^o	6	9	8
	Eggs and/or flesh foods consumption, 6-23m	17	27	
	Sweet beverage consumption, 6-23m	6	8	
	Bottle feeding of infants, 6-23m	9 3	1 2	49 64 52
Maternal	Women with body mass index <18.5 kg/m2º	41	28	18
determinants	Consumed IFA 100+ days	— 11	33	48
Diseases	Diarrhea in the last two weeks ^o	9	3	6
Diseases	ARI in the last two weeks ^o	7	● 1	3

Table 2. Immediate determinants at district-level 2015-2016, 2019-2020

Category	Immediate determinants	Worst performing districts (pp)	Best performing districts (pp)	Top coverage districts (%) ¹
		Difference between (2019-2020) & (2015-2016)	Difference between (2019-2020) & (2015-2016)	2019-2020
	Early initiation of breastfeeding	Goalpara:-43.2 Baksa:-41.4	Karimganj:+8.8	Biswanath:63 2 districts ⁶ :62
IYCF	Exclusive breastfeeding	Data not available for all districts		Lakhimpur:81 Chirang:77
practices	Timely introduction of complementary foods ⁰	Data not available for all districts		Baksa:69 Karimganj:35
	Adequate diet ^o	Dibrugarh:-11.5 Kamrup:-10.6	2 districts⁴: +8.0 Nalbari:+6.3	Sivasagar:24 Karbi Anglong:18
Maternal determinants	Women with BMI<18.5 kg/m2⁰	Goalghat:+0.2	Cachar:-20.4 Tinsukia:-19.7	Hailakandi:26 2 districts ⁷ :25
Geterminants	Consumed IFA 100+ days	Lakhimpur:-4.0	Kokrajhar:+33.5 Barpeta:+30.1	2 districts ⁸ : 64 Kokrajhar:61
Disesso	Diarrhea in the last two weeks ⁰	Golaghat:+6.9 Chirang:+5.3	Cachar:-3.9 Dhemaji:-3.8	2 districts ⁹ :10 Nagaon:9
Diseases	ARI in the last two weeks ⁰	Hailakandi:+4.9 Golaghat:+3.5	Baksa:-0.7 2 districts⁵:-0.4	Morigaon:6 Hailakandi:5

Note: Immediate determinants are based on the last child data; data on continued breastfeeding at 2 years, egg and/or flesh foods consumption, sweet beverage consumption, and bottle feeding of infants not available in NFHS-5 factsheets (2019-20)/state report ¹For all indicators, top coverage districts refer to the districts with the highest prevalence in immediate determinants, except for women with a BMI of 18.5 kg/m2, diarrhea in the last two weeks, and ARI in the last two weeks, for which it refers to the districts with the lowest prevalence in coverage. ³The difference is calculated only between districts that are comparable between 2015-2016 and 2019-2020. ⁴Tinsukia, Darrang, ⁵Tinsukia, Cachar, ⁶Morigaon, Nagaon. ⁷Charaideo, Golaghat, ⁸ Biswanath, Golaghat, ⁹Charaideo, Dhubri.

Figure 4. Trends in underlying determinants (%) 2005-2006, 2015-2016, 2019-2020

Category	Underlying determinants	2005-2006	2015-2016	2019-2020
	Women who are literate ^o	56	71	77
Maternal	Women with ≥10 years education⁰	12	23	30
determinants	Girls 20-24 years married before age of 18 years ^o	65	53	32
	Women 15-19 years with child or pregnant		14	12
	HHs with improved drinking water source ^o	70	84	86
	HHs with improved sanitation facility ^o	25	44	69
	HHs with hand washing facility		45	
Household determinants	Open defecation ^o	26	— 11	• 4
	Safe disposal of feces	— 14	19	
	HHs with BPL card ^o	— 16	40	50
	HHs with electricity ^o	29	75	93

Table 3. Underlying determinants at district-level 2015-2016, 2019-2020

Category	Underlying determinants	Worst performing districts (pp)	Best performing districts (pp)	Top coverage districts (%) ¹
		Difference between (2019-2020) & (2015-2016)	Difference between (2019-2020) & (2015-2016)	2019-2020
	Women who are literate ⁰	Baksa:-3.7 Golaghat:-2.0	Dima Hasao:+17.7 Tinsukia:+17.0	Dima Hasao:88 Sivasagar: 87
•• /	Women with ≥10 years education⁰	Baksa:-2.1 Udalguri:-1.5	Dima Hasao:+16.4 Barpeta:+11.9	Kamrup m⁴:49 Sivasagar:47
Maternal determinants	Girls 20-24 years married before age of 18 years ⁰	Not applicable⁵	Kamrup m⁴:-38.2 Morigaon:-30.7	Dhubri:51 S.SMancachar⁴: 45
	Women 15-19 years with child or pregnant	Kamrup:+6.2 Kamrup m⁴:+2.5	Goalpara:-13.9 Bongaigaon:-6.9	Dhubri:22.4 SS Mancachar ⁴ :22
	HHs with improved drinking water source ⁰	Cachar:-12.9 Morigaon:-4.4	Chirang:+18.3 Bongaigaon:+16.7	3 districts ⁶ :100
Household determinants	HHs with improved sanitation facility ⁰	Not applicable ⁵	Chirang:+46.6 Goalpara:+34.4	Sivasagar:82 Jorhat:80
	HHs with electricity ⁰	Not applicable ⁵	Chirang:+26.7 Lakhimpur:+23.8	Kamrup m ⁴ :99 2 districts ⁷ :98

Source: NFHS-3 (2005-2006), NFHS-4 (2015-2016), and NFHS-5 state and district factsheets and state reports (2019-2020).

Note: Underlying determinants are based on the last child data; safe disposal of feces not available in NFHS-5 factsheets (2019-20)/state report and data on HHs with hand washing facility not available in NFHS-3 (2005-06) and NFHS-5 factsheets (2019-20)/state report. Data on open defecation and HHs with BPL card for 2019-2020 are taken from NFHS-5 state reports. ²Prevalence did not increase or decrease in any of the districts. ³The difference is calculated only between districts that are comparable between 2015-2016 and 2019-2020. ⁴Kamrupm: Kamrup metropolitan, SS Mancachar: South Salmara Mancachar. ⁵No declines in any district. ⁶ Nalbari, Hojai, Darrang. ⁷Baksa, Chirang.

Figure 5. Trends in coverage of interventions across the first 1,000 days (%), 2005-2006, 2015-2016, 2019-2020

In	tervention	2005-2006	2015-2016	2019-2020
De	emand for FP satisfied	41	56	63
loc	dized salt ^o	96	99	99
ට An	ny ANC visits	72	89	
AN Jan	NC first trimester	40	55	64
egr ≥ ⊲	4ANC	24	47	51
d Re	eceived MCP card	35	90	99
<u>bu</u> R∈	eceived IFA tab/syrup	62	86	92
Pre-pregnancy and during pregnancy → Te → Co → Co	etanus injection	69	86	95
De De	eworming	2	— 10	1 5
an an	/eighing	35	88	99
ି ତୁ Bir	rth preparedness counselling	0 2	• 1	
B r	reastfeeding counselling	6	46	81
De Co	ounselling on keeping baby warm		76	81
d Co	ord care counselling		41	74
Fo	ood supplementation ^o	— 12	58	66
	ealth & nutrition education ^o	2	35	50
Ma	alaria prevention- use of bed nets		99	
Ins	stitutional birthº	2 5	73	84
P_ Fir	nancial assistance (JSY)		48	46
ar ar	killed birth attendant⁰	34	77	86
Delivery and post-natal	ostnatal care for mothers	— 13	54	65
	ostnatal care for babies	0	23	70
۳ Fo	ood supplementation ^o	— 10	51	63
He	ealth & nutrition education ^o	• 2	31	48
Fu	ull immunization⁰	33	48	66
Vit	tamin Aº	9	51	58
Pe	ediatric IFAº	• 1	2 1	2 4
B De	eworming ^o	— 15	31	2 5
PE Childhood Sir Zir	are seeking for ARI ^o	3 4	4 7	51
Pi OF	RS during diarrhea⁰	— 12	5 3	6 9
ບົ Zir	nc during diarrhea⁰	0	2 5	28
Fo	ood supplementation (6-35 months)	2 5	60	
W	/eighing	• 4	39	5 2
Co	ounselling on child growth	• 2	2 4	66

Source: NFHS-3 (2005-2006), NFHS-4 (2015-2016) & NFHS-5 state factsheets and state reports (2019-2020).

⁰Indicator comparable between NFHS-3 and NFHS-4 but differs slightly from NFHS-5.

Note 1: Interventions' coverage is based on the last child data.

Note 2: The following information is not available in the NFHS-5 factsheets and state reports (2019-20): receipt of at least one ANC visit, birth preparedness counselling, malaria prevention and food supplementation (6-35m). Information on use of bed nets during pregnancy is not available in NFHS-3 data (2006). Note 3: Data on food supplementation and health and nutrition education during pregnancy and post-natal care, and weight measurement during childhood and counselling on child growth for 2019-2020 are taken from NFHS-5 state reports.

Note 4: Refer to district dashboard for the inter-district variability in the coverage of interventions.

Intervention coverage at district-level, 2019-2020

District name	Pre- pregnancy							Pregnancy	cy							ŏ	Delivery &	& postnatal	atal					Ea	Early childhood	pooq			
and showing	Demand for FP satisfied flas bait	stisiv DNA γnA	ANC first trimester ≥4 ANC	Received MCP card	Received IFA	tab/syrup Tetanus injection	Deworming	anidai9W	Birth preparedness counselling Breastfeeding	counselling counselling on keeping baby warm	Sord care counselling	noitetnemelqquz boo7	Health & nutrition education	Malaria prevention- use of bed nets	Institutional birth Financial assistance	(JSL)	Skilled birth attendant Postnatal care for	Postnatal care for	səided	Food supplementation Health & nutrition	education Full immeriation	A nimstiV	A7I Sitric IFA	Deworming	IAA 101 gnixees and	oRS during diarrhea Zinc during diarrhea	Food supplementation	(sdfnom 25-3) BnidgieW	Counselling on child growth
ASSAM	98.8		50.7	.7 98.7	7 92.4	4 94.5	14.5								84.1 4	46.1 8(86.1 65	5.3 69.	9.9		66.4	t 58.2			51.2 6	69.1 28.0	0		
Baksa	98.9		56.0	.0 99.8	8 91.2	2 95.0	9.3								89.9	47.3 93	92.1 65.	5.0 70	<u>0.9</u>		70.5	55.8			59.0				
Barpeta	96.3		43.6		-	-									9	38.7 87		5	3.9		54.6	5 48.2			64.9				
Biswanath	98.0		46.5	.5 99.3	3 96.4	4 94.6	16.3								84.3 5	53.5 84	84.6 56	56.5 58	8.1		66.2	2 61.4		7	49.1				
Bongaigaon	98.3		33.9	.9 98.5	5 94.8	.8 91.8	14.2								84.5 3	31.9 89	89.1 57	7.0 63	3.3		67.9	9 65.0		7	46.6				
Cachar	98.6		32.7	.7 98.2	2 92.7	.7 90.0	19.2								79.2 4	49.3 8(80.2 57	7.3 61	1.4		70.4	t 67.9			50.4				
Charaideo	99.7		64.5	.5 98.7	7 94.3	.3 95.9	9.4								88.2 5	53.8 9(90.5 70	70.5 72	2.8		74.0	58.0			58.7 6	68.6 11.	8		
Chirang	98.6		56.5		_	_	13.4								83.7 3	39.3 8	82.9 <mark>59</mark> .	9.7 63.	3.0		71.1	l 63.7			33.2				
Darrang	97.4		37.5	.5 99.0	0 92.9	91.1	16.7								84.4 3	36.0 87	7.0 53.	2	66.3		57.1	l 48.2		•	62.4				
Dhemaji	99.6		62.2	.2 98.9	9 92.4	4 96.5	5.5								87.3 7	70.7 9:	91.5 72	72.8 75.	5.4		89.7	7 64.1		7	40.0				
Dhubri	99.1		37.6	.6 98.2	2 86.8	.8 97.0	13.2								64.2 5	52.6 68	68.9 48.	8.4 54	4.5		71.6	50.6			39.7 6	69.5 22.	6		
Dibrugarh	99.5		75.6	.6 99.6	6 97.3	.3 94.1	5.2								93.1 5	53.2 9!	95.3 82.	2.1 87	7.0		83.8	3 56.5			56.1				
Dima Hasao	99.4		46.9	.9 99.2	2 83.9	96.8	4.1								89.5 5	57.0 9:	91.9 73	73.8 76	76.8		63.6	5 63.3			39.9	-			
Goalpara	99.1		44.1	.1 98.6	6 93.4	4 96.6	14.9								92.3 4	43.2 94.	2	73.5 80.	0.0		70.3	3 57.8			50.9 8	84.2 27.	8		
Golaghat	98.7		65.7	.7 100.0	.0 94.0	0 97.7	8.1								90.4 5	59.7 93	92.1 73	73.5 83	3.5		72.4	t 61.1			54.4				
Hailakandi	97.6		43.1	.1 100.0	.0 94.3	3 96.2	35.3								83.0 6	67.4 8/	84.8 68	68.8 70	70.1		68.6	5 80.0		7	45.4				
	98.9		51.3	.3 98.3	3 86.1	.1 96.2	12.6								82.1 3	30.9 83	83.5 63.	3.9 68	8.4		55.5	5 52.1		7	44.7				
	98.9		67.0	.0 99.2	2 89.6	.6 97.4	6.3								96.5 4	41.9 97	4.	81.4 85	5.4		69.2	2 50.9			56.6				
Kamrup	98.2		46.9	.9 95.5	5 88.8	8 85.9	7.7								85.0 2	26.4 88	88.5 61.	1.4 67	7.0		63.6	5 64.0			52.9				
Kamrup Metropolitan	99.7		68.9	.9 98.3	3 95.5	5 96.3	9.7								89.1 2	21.5 9(90.1 75.	5.6 79	9.9		53.6	5 54.9			58.8				
Karbi Anglong	99.8		63.9	.9 96.4	4 89.3	3 90.9	5.0								74.9 5	53.3 78	78.3 56.	6.9 61.	1.0		64.3	3 44.9			55.3				
Karimganj	98.7		42.8	.8 99.5	5 94.0	0 94.2	28.2								76.4 6	62.9 78	78.3 63.	3.9 70	0.2		75.1	L 74.7			59.6 6	68.4 55.	9		
Kokrajhar	9.66		36.9	.9 98.4	4 95.4	4 95.8	20.2								81.9 3	35.0 8	82.0 68.	8.3 65.	5.5		51.1	L 52.6			36.6				
Lakhimpur	6.99		51.7	.7 99.6	6 86.3	3 97.3	19.6								96.2 5	57.2 90	96.8 67.	7.7 7.7	7.0		69.0	0.65.0		7	48.0				
Majuli	99.8		72.2	.2 98.4	4 92.1	.1 97.2	9.9								90.3 6	62.6 93.	3.5 73.	3.5 73	3.5		78.6	5 62.0			56.4				
Morigaon	97.0		42.0	.0 98.7	7 96.8	8 94.8	29.3								88.3 5	58.1 90	90.0 67.	7.9 72	2.6		73.4	t 60.2			51.6				
Nagaon	98.7		59.4	.4 98.3	3 91.2	2 97.1	11.3								83.7 3	34.9 8(86.7 62.	2.0 65.	5.3		58.2	2 47.9		7	42.5 7	75.4 11.	7		
Nalbari	99.4		55.9	<u>.96.9</u>	9 91.2	.2 92.8	17.0								91.8 4	44.0 93	91.4 73.	3.8 73.	3.2		65.5	58.4		•	64.1				
Sivasagar	99.8		80.9	.9 100.0	.0 95.7	.7 96.5	5.3								95.3 5	51.4 9	95.6 73.	3.8 83	3.4		77.6	5 64.9			58.3				
Sonitpur	99.4		45.5	.5 98.5	5 91.4	4 99.2	14.2								83.5 4	47.2 83	82.8 63.	3.5 67	7.4		70.9	58.7		7	42.6				
South Salmara Mancachar	98.9		35.3	.3 99.4	4 95.1	.1 93.0	23.3								71.7 3	34.2 79	79.4 62	2.6 56	6.1		65.8	3 65.8		U	6.09				
Tinsukia	99.3		63.1	.1 100.0	.0 96.3	3 93.9	10.8								82.6 5	53.2 83	83.2 73.	3.6 77	7.8		75.0	59.3			50.1				
Udalguri	99.3		49.8	. <mark>8</mark> 99.6	6 86.2	.2 91.0	7.4								86.2 4	42.9 87	7.9 53.	3.1 62	2.9		38.3	3 53.2			55.6				
								j		ĺ																			

Source: NFHS-5 district factsheets and state reports (2019-2020)

receipt of at least one ANC visit, weighing, birth preparedness and breastfeeding counselling, counselling on keeping baby warm, cord care counselling, food supplementation, health and nutrition education and Note 1: The following information is not available in the NFHS-5 factsheets and state reports (2019-20): (1) Information on preconception and pregnancy-related indicators including demand for FP satisfied, malaria prevention; (2) Lactation-related indicators including, food supplementation and health and nutrition education; and (3) early childhood-related indicators including pediatric IFA, deworming, food supplementation (6-35m), weighing and counselling on child growth. Information on use of bed nets during pregnancy not available in NFHS-3 data (2005-2006). Note 2: Food supplementation during early childhood is for children aged 6-35 months; counselling on child growth during early childhood is conducted after taking weight measurement

<20%

Table 4. Intervention coverage at district-level 2015-2016, 2019-2020

Category	Interventions	Worst performing districts (pp)	Best performing districts (pp)	Top coverage districts (%)
		Difference between (2019-2020) & (2015-2016)	Difference between (2019-2020) & (2015-2016)	2019-2020
	ANC first trimester	Lakhimpur:-7.7 Chirang:-6.0	Hailakandi:+28.0 Golaghat:+23.1	Sivasagar:85 2districts ⁶ :78
	≥4 ANC visits	Cachar:-18.7 Lakhimpur:-7.3	Chirang:+15.2 Udalguri:+12.9	Sivasagar:81 Dibrugarh:76
Pregnancy	Received MCP Card	Not applicable ⁴	Kamrupm ³ :+16.7 Dima Hasao:+14.1	9 districts7:100
	Tetanus injection	Udalguri:-2.1	Chirang:+23.9 Goalpara:+19.5	Sonitpur:99 8 districts ⁸ :97
	Institutional birth°	KamrupmL-5.2	Barpeta:+32.6 2 districts ⁵ :+29.5	Jorhat:97 Lakhimpur:96
Delivery and	Skilled birth attendant°	Kamrup m ³ :-3.7 Kamrup:-0.7	Karimganj:+30.1 Dima Hasao:+28.7	2 districts ⁹ :97 Sivasagar:96
post-natal	Postnatal care for mothers	Udalguri:-8.6 Cachar:-5.6	Barpeta:+33.9 Hailakandi:+29.5	Dibrugarh:82 Jorhat:81
	Postnatal care for babies°	Not applicable ⁴	Barpeta:+64.0 Nalbari:+61.0	Dibrugarh:87 Jorhat:85
	Full immunization	Kamrup m ³ :-20.1 Udalguri:-13.1	Dhemaji:+42.2 Chirang:+30.3	Dhemaji:90 Dibrugarh:84
	Vitamin A supplementation°	Dibrugarh:-9.0 Udalguri:-7.4	Kokrajhar:+22.7 Dima Hasao:+22.4	Hailakandi:80 Karimganj:75
Early childhood	Care seeking for ARI°	Lakhimpur:-22.2 Dima Hasao:-18.3	Karimganj:+32.2 Bongaigaon:+31.4	Barpeta:65 Nalbari:64
	ORS treatment during diarrhea°	Data not available for all	districts	Goalpara:84 Dhubri:70
	Zinc treatment during diarrhea°	Data not available for all	districts	Karimganj:56 Goalpara:28

Key takeaways

Children: Stunting prevalence declined by 10 percentage points (pp) between 2006 and 2016 and by 1pp between 2016 and 2020. Wasting increased by 3pp between 2006 and 2016 and by 4pp between 2016 and 2020. Underweight declined by 6pp between 2006 and 2016 but increased by 2pp between 2016 and 2020. Anemia declined by 33pp between 2006 and 2016 but increased by 2pp between 2016 and 2020.

Women: Underweight declined by 11 pp between 2006 and 2016 and continued to decline by 8pp between 2016 and 2020. Anemia in non-pregnant and pregnant women declined by 23pp and 27pp, respectively, between 2006 and 2016, but increased by 20pp in non-pregnant and 9pp in pregnant women between 2016 and 2020. Overweight/obesity increased by 5pp between 2006 and 2016 and by 2pp between 2016 and 2020.

Men: Overweight/obesity increased by 8pp between 2006 and 2016 and by 3pp between 2016 and 2020. **Attention is needed to improve (%s in 2020)**:

- Outcomes: Stunting (35%) and anemia in children (68%); anemia in non-pregnant (66%) and pregnant (54%) women
- Immediate determinants: Early initiation of breastfeeding (49%); adequate diet (8%); 100+ IFA (48%)
- Underlying determinants: Women with ≥10 years education (30%)
- Coverage of interventions: Health & nutrition education for women (48-50%); Zinc during diarrhea for children (28%)

Source: NFHS-3 (2005-2006), NFHS-4 (2015-2016), and NFHS-5 state and district factsheets (2019-2020). pp: percentage points. Note: Interventions' coverage are based on the last child data. ⁰Indicator definition differs slightly between NFHS-4 and NFHS-5. ¹Prevalence did not increase or decrease in any of the districts. ²The difference is calculated only between districts that are comparable between 2015-2016 and 2019-2020. ³Kamrupm: Kamrup metropolitan. ⁴No decline observed in any districts. ⁵Dima Hasao, Karimganj. ⁶ Hailakandi, Kamrup metropolitan. ⁷Baksa, Dibrugarh, Golaghat, Hailakandi, Karimganj, Lakhimpur, Sivasagar, Tinsukia, Udalguri. ⁸Dhemaji, Dhubri, Dima Hasao, Goalpara, Jorhat, Lakhimpur, Majuli, Nagaon, Sivasagar. ⁹Jorhat, Lakhimpur.

Indicator definition

Nutrition outcomes	Definition
Low birth weight	Percentage of live births in the five years preceding the survey with a reported birth weight less than 2.5 kg, based o either a written record or the mother's recall
Stunting among children	Percentage of children aged 0-59 months who are stunted i.e., height-for-age z score < -2SD
Wasting among children	Percentage of children aged 0-59 months who are wasted i.e., weight-for-height z score < -2SD
Severe wasting among children	Percentage of children aged 0-59 months who are wasted i.e., weight-for-height z score < -3SD
Jnderweight children	Percentage of children aged 0-59 months who are underweight i.e., weight-for-age z score < -2SD
Anemia among children	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anemic i.e., (Hb <11.0 g/dl)
Underweight women	Percentage of women aged 15-49 whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m2)
Anemia among non-pregnant <i>w</i> omen	Percentage of non-pregnant women aged 15-49 who are anemic (<12.0 g/dl)
Anemia among pregnant women	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 who are anemic (<11.0 g/dl)
Overweight/obesity - children	Percentage of children aged 0-59 months who are overweight i.e., weight-for-height z score > 2SD
Overweight/obesity - women	Percentage of men aged 15-54 who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m2)
Overweight/obesity - men	Percentage of men aged 15-54 who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m2)
High blood pressure among women^	Percentage of women aged 15-49 with elevated blood pressure (Systolic >140 mm Hg or diastolic >90 mm Hg)
High blood pressure among men^	Percentage of men aged 15-54 with elevated blood pressure (Systolic >140 mm Hg or diastolic >90 mm Hg)
High sugar level among women^	Percentage of women aged 15-49 with elevated blood pressure (Systolic >140 mm Hg or diastolic >90 mm Hg)
High sugar level among men^	Percentage of men aged 15-54 with high blood sugar levels (141-160 mg/dl)
mmediate determinants	
Early initiation of breastfeeding	Percentage of children under aged 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth for the last child born in the 3 years before the survey
Exclusive breastfeeding	Percentage of youngest children under age 6 months living with mother who were exclusively breastfed
Timely introduction of	¹ Percentage of youngest children aged 6-8 months living with mother who received solid or semi-solid food during the
complementary foods ⁰	previous day; ² Percentage of youngest children aged 6-8 months living with mother who received solid or semi-solic food and breastmilk
Continued breastfeeding at 2 years ^{\$}	Percentage of youngest children 12–23 months of age who were fed breast milk during the previous day
Adequate diet	Percentage of youngest children 6-23 months of age who consumed a minimum acceptable diet during the previous
	day
Eggs and/or flesh foods consumption\$	Percentage of youngest children 6-23 months of age who consumed egg and/or flesh food during the previous day
Sweet beverage ^{\$}	Percentage of youngest children 6-23 months of age who consumed a sweet beverage during the previous day
Bottle feeding for infants ^{\$}	Percentage of youngest children 0–23 months of age who were fed from a bottle with a nipple during the previous d
Women with body mass index	¹ Percentage of women aged 15-49 with a youngest child < 5 years who have BMI below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m2)
<18.5 kg/m ²⁰	² Percentage of women aged 15-49 whose BMI is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m ²)
	Percentage of mothers aged 15-49 who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more during the last pregnancy in
Consumed IFA 100+ days	last five years preceding the survey
Diarrhea in the last two weeks ⁰	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age five who had diarrhea in the two weeks preceding the survey; ² Percentage of children under age 5 who had diarrhea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey
ARI in the last two weeks ⁰	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age five who had symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the two weeks preceding the survey; ² Percentage of children under age five who had symptoms of acute respiratory
	infection (ARI) in the two weeks preceding the survey
Underlying determinants	
Women who are literate ⁰	¹ Percentage of women aged 15-49 with a birth in five years preceding the survey who are literate i.e., those who completed standard 6 or higher and can read a whole sentence; ² Percentage of women aged 15-49 who are literative i.e., those who completed standard 9 or higher and can read a whole sentence or part of a sentence.
Women with ≥10 years education ⁰	¹ Percentage of women aged 15-49 with a birth in five years preceding the survey with 10 or more years of schoolin ² Percentage of women aged 15-49 with 10 or more years of schooling
Girls 20-24 years married before age of 18 years ⁰	¹ Percentage of women aged 20-24 years with a birth in five years preceding the survey who were married before ag 18 years; ² Percentage of women aged 20-24 years who were married before age 18 years
Women 15-19 years with child or	Percentage of currently married women aged 15-49 who had their first birth before age 20 years and in the five year
pregnant	preceding the survey
HHs with improved drinking water source ⁰	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age 5 living in household that use an improved source of drinking water; ² Population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility
HHs with improved sanitation facility ⁰	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age 5 living in household that uses improved toilet facility; ² Population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility
HHs with hand washing facility^\$	Percentage of youngest children under age 5 living in household that had soap and water for washing hands
Open defecation [@]	Percentage of youngest children under age 5 living in household that has no toilet facility/defecates in open
Safe disposal of feces ^{\$}	Percentage of youngest children living with mother whose stools were disposed of safely
HHs with BPL card [®]	Percentage of youngest children under age 5 living in households with BPL card
	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age 5 living in household that has electricity; ² Population living in household

[^] Indicator not available in NFHS-3. ^{\$} Indicator not available in NFHS-5 factsheets/state reports ⁰Indicator comparable between NFHS-3 and NFHS-4 but differs slightly from NFHS-5. [®] Indicator not available in NFHS-5 factsheets but available in NFHS-5 states reports. ¹ Definition per NFHS-3/NFHS-4. ² Definition as per NFHS-5 factsheet.

Indicator definition

Interventions	Definition
Demand for FP satisfied [®]	Percentage of currently married women aged 15-49 with demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods
lodized salt ⁰	¹ Percentage of women aged 15-49 living in HHs that use iodized salt; ² Percentage of households using iodized salt
Any ANC visits ^{\$}	Percentage of women aged 15-49 with a live birth in the five years who received at least one ANC for the last birth
ANC first trimester	Percentage of women (15-49 years of age) attended by any provider during the first trimester of pregnancy that led to
	the birth of the youngest child in the last 2 years
≥ 4ANC	Percentage of mothers aged 15-49 who had at least 4 antenatal care visits for last birth in the 5 years before the
Received MCP card	survey Percentage of mothers who registered last pregnancy in the 5 years preceding the survey for which she received a
Received MCF card	Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card
Received IFA tab/syrup@	Percentage of women who received IFA (given or purchased) tablets during the pregnancy for their most recent live
	birth in the 5 years preceding the survey
Tetanus injection	Percentage of women whose last birth was protected against neonatal tetanus (for last birth in the five years
	preceding the survey)
Deworming- pregnancy [@]	Percentage of women who took an intestinal parasite drug during the pregnancy for their most recent live birth in the
	5 years preceding the survey
Weighing- pregnancy [@]	Percentage of women aged 15-49 with a live birth in the five years preceding the survey who were weighed during
	ANC for the last birth
Birth preparedness counselling ^{\$}	Percentage of women who had at least one contact with a health worker in the three months preceding the survey
	and were counselled on birth preparedness; calculated among women aged 15-49 who gave birth in the five years
Proportfooding opuppolling@	preceding the survey
Breastfeeding counselling [@]	Percentage of women who met with a community health worker in the last three months of pregnancy and received advice on breastfeeding (for the last pregnancy in the five years preceding the survey)
Counselling on keeping baby	Percentage of women who met with a community health worker in the last three months of pregnancy and received
warm [@]	advice on keeping the baby warm for their most recent live birth in the five years preceding the survey
Cord care counselling ^{^@}	Percentage of women who met with a community health worker in the last three months of pregnancy and received
	advice on cord care for their most recent live birth in the five years preceding the survey
Food supplementation -	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age 5 whose mother received supplementary food from AWC during
pregnancy [@]	pregnancy; ³ Among children under 6 years, percentage whose mother received specific benefits from AWC during
	pregnancy: supplementary food
Health & nutrition education –	¹ Percentage of mothers who received health and nutrition education from an Anganwadi Centre (AWC) during last
pregnancy®	pregnancy in the five years preceding the survey; ³ Among children under 6 years, percentage whose mother received
	specific benefits from AWC during pregnancy: health and nutrition education
Malaria prevention- use of bed	Percentage of women who used mosquito net during the pregnancy for their most recent live birth in the 5 years
nets ^{^\$}	preceding the survey
Institutional birth ⁰	¹ Percentage of women aged 15-49 who gave birth in health/institutional facility for their most recent live birth in the 5
	years preceding the survey; ² Percentage of live births to women aged 15-49 in the five years preceding the survey that took place in a health/institutional facility
Financial assistance (JSY) [@]	Percentage of women who received financial assistance under JSY for their most recent live birth that took place in
	institutional facility in the 5 years preceding the survey
Skilled birth attendant ⁰	¹ Percentage of women whose last delivery was attended by a skilled health personnel for their most recent live birth
	in the 5 years preceding the survey; ² Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel for births in the 5
	years before the survey
Postnatal care for mothers	Percentage of mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel
	within 2 days of delivery for their most recent live birth in the five years preceding the survey
Postnatal care for babies	Percentage of children who received postnatal care from a doctor /nurse /LHV /ANM /midwife /other health personnel
	within 2 days of delivery for last birth in the 5 years before the survey
Food supplementation – postnatal [®]	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age 5 whose mother received supplementary food from AWC while
	breastfeeding; ³ Among children under 6 years, percentage whose mother received specific benefits from AWC while
Legith 9 putrition advantion	breastfeeding: supplementary food
Health & nutrition education – postnatal [®]	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age 5 whose mother received health check-ups from AWC while breastfeeding; ³ Among children under 6 years, percentage whose mother received specific benefits from AWC while
postnatal	breastfeeding: health and nutrition education
Full immunization ⁰	¹ Percentage of youngest living children aged 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either
	vaccination card or mother's recall; ² Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information
	from either vaccination card or mother's recall
Vitamin A – early childhood ⁰	¹ Percentage of youngest children aged 6-59 months who received Vitamin A supplementation in the last 6 months
-	preceding the survey; 2 Percentage of children aged 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months
Pediatric IFA ^{0@}	Percentage of youngest children aged 6-59 months who received iron supplements in the past 7 days preceding the
	survey
Deworming – early childhood ^{0@}	Percentage of youngest children aged 6-59 months who received deworming tablets in the last 6 months preceding
	the survey
Care seeking for ARI ⁰	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age 5 years with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the
	survey taken to a health facility or health provider; ² Percentage of children under age 5 years with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider
ORS during diarrhea ⁰	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age 5 years with diarrhea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received
	oral rehydration salts (ORS); 2Percentage of children under age 5 years with diarrhea in the 2 weeks preceding the
	survey who ORS
Zinc during diarrhea ⁰	¹ Percentage of youngest children under age 5 years with diarrhea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who
U - ¹	received zinc; ² Percentage of children under age 5 years with diarrhea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who
	received zinc
Food supplementation (children 6-	Percentage of youngest children aged 6-35 months who received food supplements from AWC in the 12 months
35 months) ^{\$}	preceding the survey
Weighing – early childhood®	Percentage of youngest children under age 5 who were weighed at AWC in the 12 months preceding the survey
Counselling on child growth [@]	Percentage of youngest children under age 5 whose mother received counselling from an AWC after child was
	weighed in the 12 months preceding the survey

[^] Indicator not available in NFHS-3. ^{\$}Indicator not available in NFHS-5 factsheets/state reports. [@]Indicator not available in NFHS-5 factsheets but available in NFHS-5 states reports. ⁰Indicator comparable between NFHS-3 and NFHS-4 but differs slightly from NFHS-5. ¹Definition per NFHS-4. ²Definition as per NFHS-5 factsheet. ³Definition as per NFHS-5 state reports.

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ABOUT DATA NOTES

POSHAN Data Notes focus on data visualization to highlight geographic and/or thematic issues related to nutrition in India. They draw on multiple sources of publically available data.

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